



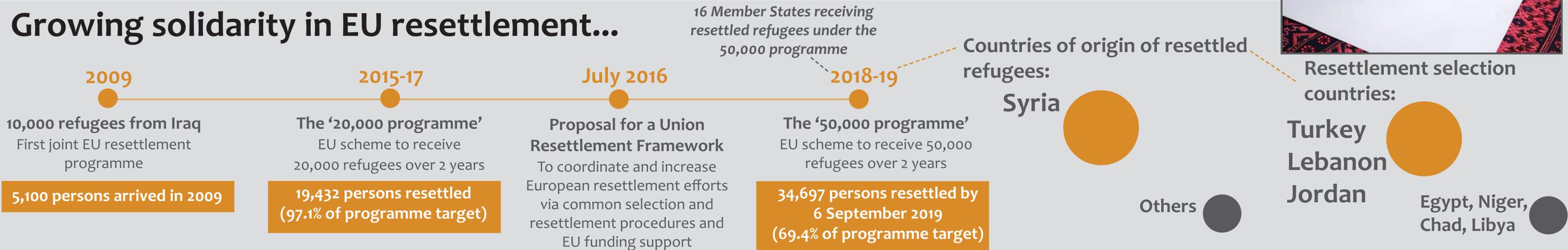
RESETTLEMENT IN THE EU



A progressive engagement of European countries...



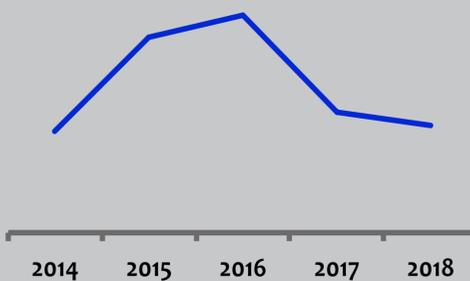
Growing solidarity in EU resettlement...



EU resettlement in context....

Asylum

Total asylum claims 2014-18: 4,520,415



Relocation

- 21,238 persons from Greece
- 10,265 persons from Italy

31,503 persons relocated (2015-18)

Private & community sponsorship

- Public-private partnerships via which refugees are legally admitted from outside the EU
- Local citizens, civil society and faith-based actors welcome new arrivals and support the settlement process
- New and emerging (ongoing) programmes in UK, Ireland, Spain, Germany, France, Belgium, Italy
- Approximately 3,000 refugees have arrived since 2015

Humanitarian Corridors

- Italy
- Belgium
- France

Sponsorship within national resettlement quotas

- UK
- Ireland
- Germany
- Spain



GLOBAL RESETTLEMENT

Global Trends

70.8 million forcibly displaced persons worldwide in 2019

41.3 million internally displaced persons (IDPs)

25.9 million refugees

3.5 million asylum seekers

67% of all refugees come from 5 countries

Syria

Afghanistan

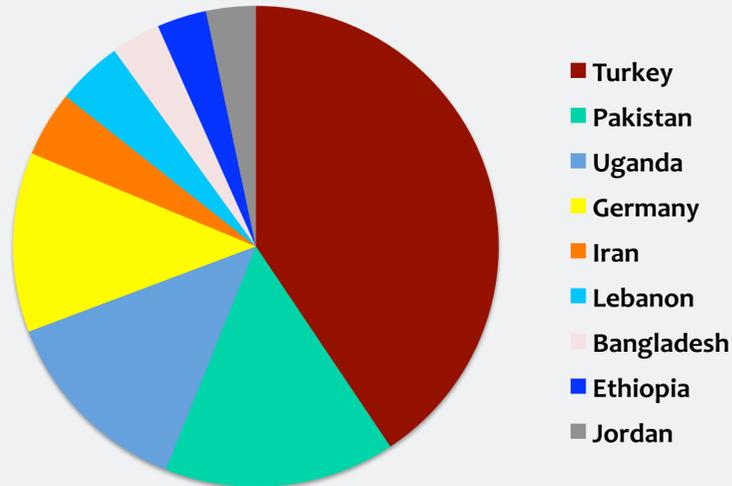
South Sudan

Myanmar

Somalia

Approximately **80%** of refugees live in countries neighbouring countries of origin in the Global South

Countries hosting the most refugees:



Approximately **50%** of refugees around the world are children under 18

Countries hosting the most refugees per capita of population:

Lebanon (1 in 6 people are refugees)

Jordan (1 in 14 people are refugees)

Turkey (1 in 22 people are refugees)

Approximately

61% of the world's refugees live in urban situations, and not in refugee camps

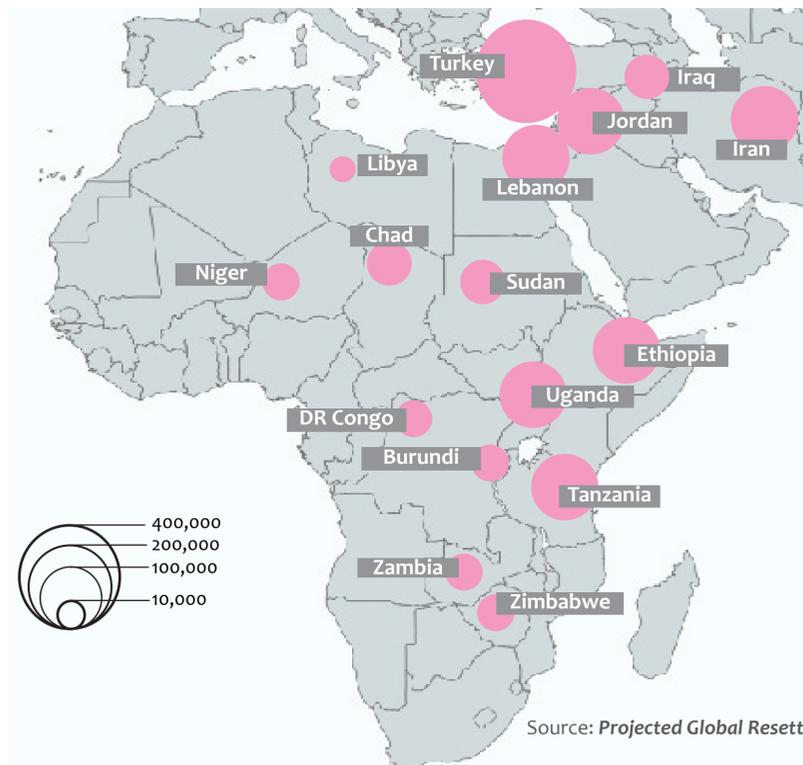


A., 32, created this sign for his bike in Za'atari refugee camp, Jordan (Photo by Mike Niconchuk)

Global Resettlement Needs

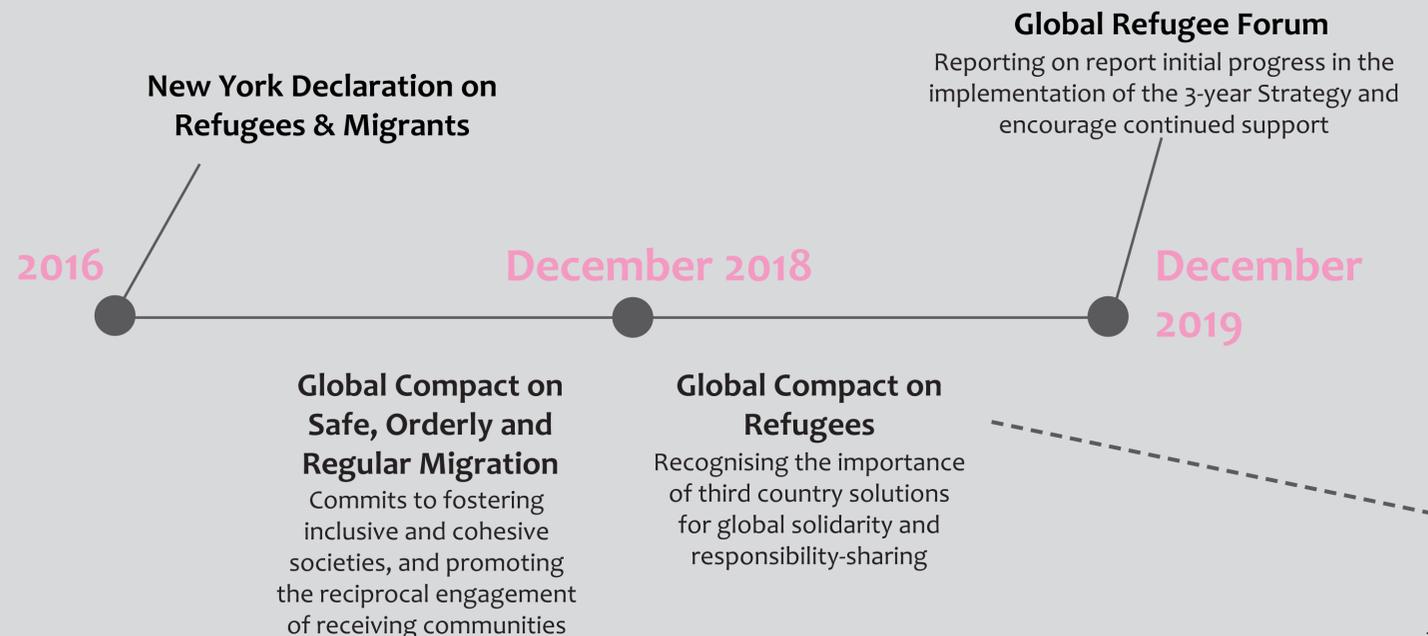
1.44 million refugees are estimated to be in need of resettlement in 2020

55,680 refugees were resettled in 2018 - just 7% of global resettlement needs



Source: Projected Global Resettlement Needs 2020 (UNHCR)

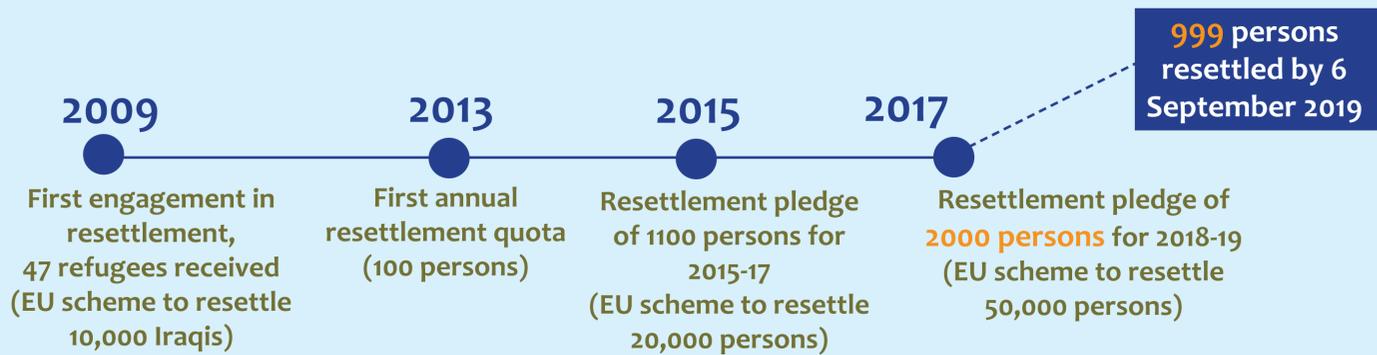
Global Solidarity



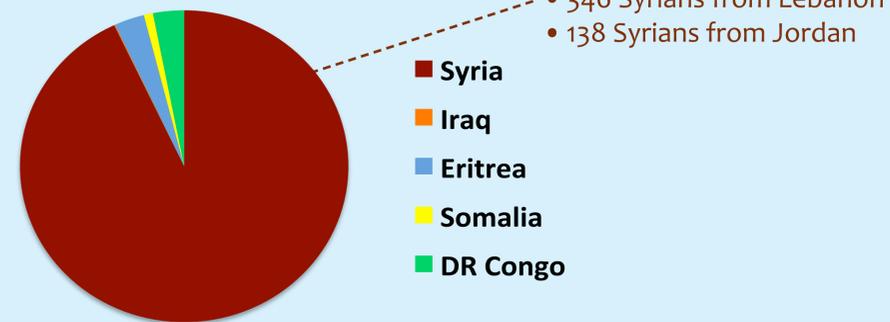
3-year Strategy on Resettlement & Complementary Pathways

Targeting 1 million refugees resettled and 2 million refugees offered complementary pathways of admission by 2028

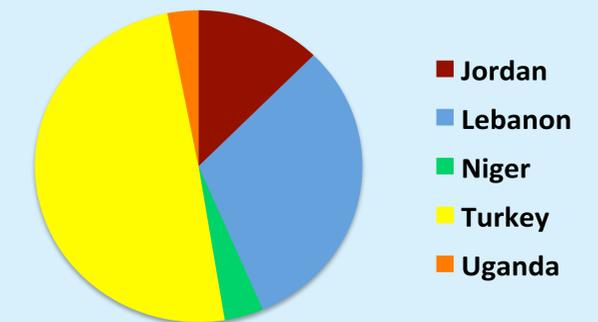
RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):



Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):



REFUGEE PLACEMENT:



COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

HUMANITARIAN CORRIDORS PROGRAMME

- Established via a November 2017 agreement between the Belgian Ministry of the Interior and the Community of Sant'Egidio
- Other lead sponsors are the Catholic, Protestant, Evangelical, Anglican and Orthodox churches, the Islamic community, and the NGOs Caritas, Vluchtelingen Ondersteuning and (VLOS) Sint-Niklaas
- During 2018-19, 150 refugees arrived from Lebanon and Turkey
- Receiving groups provide housing and integration support for 12 months after arrival
- Sponsored refugees are eligible to participate in state-funded language classes

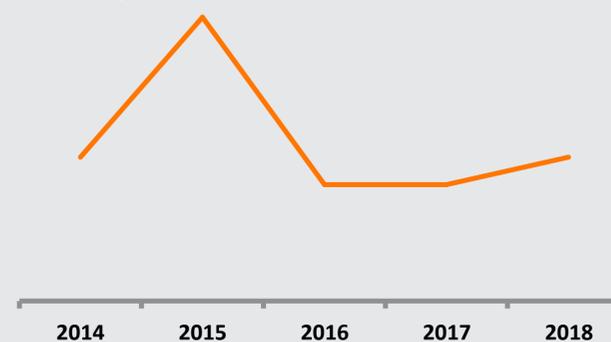
RELOCATION

-  700 persons from Greece
-  471 persons from Italy
-  6 persons from Malta

3.1% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2014-18: 126,520
Share EU-28 2014-18: 2.8%



BELGIUM & THE SHARE NETWORK

SHARE partner:  **caritas**
international.be

- SHARE Mainstreaming + Working Group (Brussels)
- SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot training events in Leuven (pop. 92,700) & Oostende (pop. 70,900)
- SHARE 'Small Places, Great Hearts' video in Merchtem (pop. 15,053)



Sponsored refugees in Belgium
Photo courtesy of Caritas International

RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):

Syria

Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):

Turkey

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

INDIRECT RECEPTION
Central accommodation facility

MANDATORY RECEPTION OF RESETTLED REFUGEES IN MUNICIPALITIES



Resettlement is coordinated at national level by the Croatian Ministry of the Interior, which implements pre and post-departure activities in partnership with JRS Portugal and the International Catholic Migration Commission (Resettlement Support Center, Istanbul)

Resettled refugees spend 6-8 weeks at a central reception centre. Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS) Croatia provide an informal cultural orientation and 70 hours language tuition.

After resettled refugees move to independent housing in municipalities, JRS Croatia leads a 2-year integration programme that includes specialised casework support, individual integration plans and 210 hours language tuition, and a JRS volunteer assigned to support each refugee household.

JRS collaborates with key integration stakeholders to implement the programme, including the Croatian Red Cross.

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:
No programmes in place



A Syrian family in front of their new apartment in Sisak with JRS staff members
July 2019

RELOCATION

 60 persons from Greece

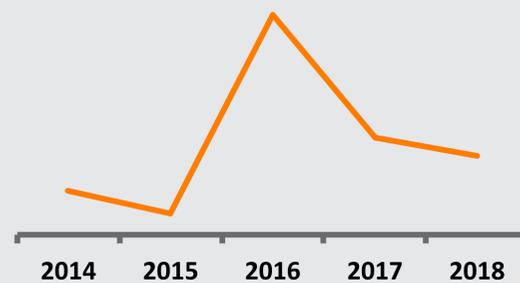
 22 persons from Italy

0.2% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2014-18: 4660

Share EU-28 2014-18: 0.1%



SHARE Settlement & Integration Roster training in Zagreb, March 2019



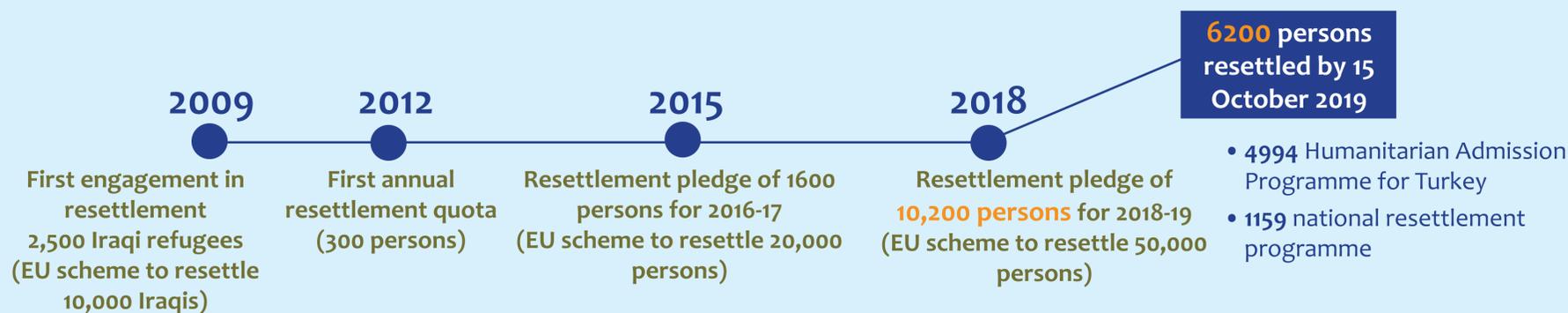
CROATIA & THE SHARE NETWORK

Croatian participation at:

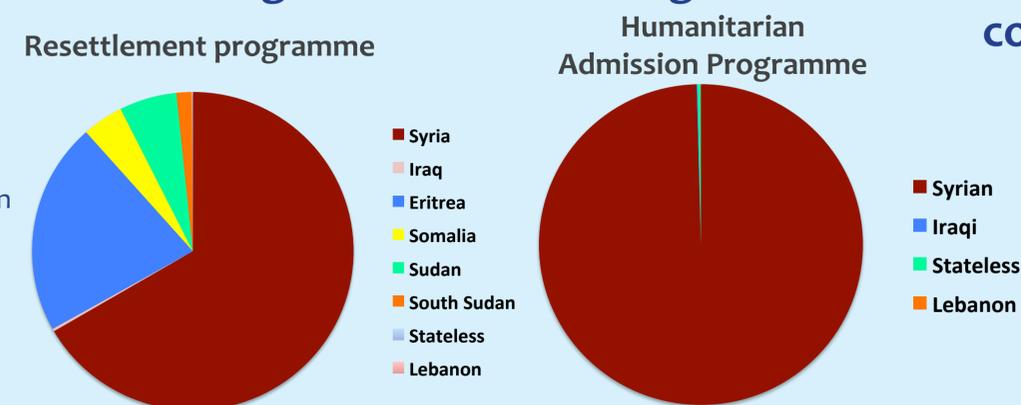
- On-site visit & SHARE seminar *Pre-departure Processing and Cultural Orientation*
- SHARE Integration Roster training event, Zagreb, March 2019
- 2019 SHARE Conference *Awareness Raising to Promote Refugee Inclusion* in Bucharest
- SHARE Look & Learn visit to North Rhine Westphalia



RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees:



Resettlement selection countries:

- Turkey
- Egypt
- Niger
- Lebanon
- Jordan
- Ethiopia

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

CENTRAL RECEPTION
Friedland accommodation facility

MANDATORY QUOTA
Regional level

MOVE TO MUNICIPALITIES
1-2 weeks after arrival



National distribution key (Königsteiner Schluessel) allocates refugees to regional federal states (Länder)

Regional federal states each use their own system to allocate refugees to receiving municipalities within the region

Municipalities, civil society organisations and housing providers source social and private rented housing for refugees (sometimes using temporary accommodation during the initial reception period), support refugees to complete administrative processes and offer social support

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

Humanitarian Admission Programme

- 6,000 persons per year from Turkey, supported by the German Consulate in Istanbul
- Identification & referral by UNHCR and others

Private & community sponsorship

- NeST programme, launched April 2019
- Quota of 500 persons for 2019

Family reunification

Family Assistance Programmes
• In partnership with IOM

Family reunification-based sponsorship
• Regional Lander programme
• Open in 3 Lander
• No arrivals at March 2019

RELOCATION

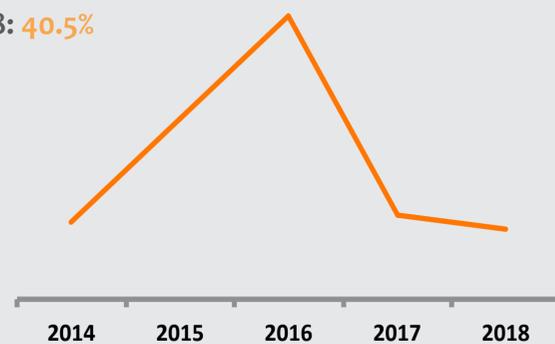
5391 persons from Greece

5446 persons from Italy

28.8% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: **1,831,050**
Share EU-28 2014-18: **40.5%**



GERMANY & THE SHARE NETWORK

- Organised **SHARE Look & Learn** visit to North Rhine Westphalia
- **SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot trainings** in Königswinter (pop. 40.771) and Bergisch Gladbach (pop. 111.366)
- **SHARE national roundtable** in Cologne
- **SHARE video Small Places, Great Hearts** produced in Jena (pop. 110.321)

Project partner:



In collaboration with:

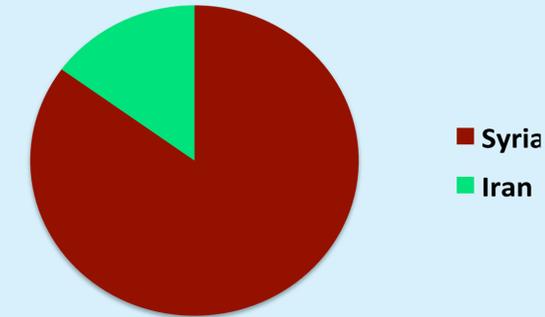


SHARE Look & Learn visit to North Rhine Westphalia, September 2019. Visiting delegations from Croatia, France, Portugal and Sweden, and organisers MigrAfrica, Archdiocese and Caritas Cologne (Neue Nachbarn), ICMC Europe at the Klarissenkloster in Cologne

RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees:



Resettlement selection countries:

- Jordan
- Lebanon
- Turkey

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

MIXED RECEPTION MODEL

Reception centres and independent housing

CAPACITY-BASED PLACEMENT



Placement is coordinated by the national Ministry of Employment & Social Security (MEYSS), and placement decisions are based on reception system capacity. Resettled refugees are placed in one of Spain's four large reception centres (in Alcobendas, Madrid, Valencia or Sevilla), operated by NGOs and also used to accommodate asylum seekers, or in smaller reception centres or private housing projects also operated NGOs. housing programmes (individual apartments)

Resettled refugees stay in reception accommodation for 6-12 months. NGOs/ authorities providing the accommodation provide initial orientation and integration support, and develop a longer term integration programme for all refugees. Spain's Autonomous Communities are responsible for coordinating long term integration, with the assistance of mainstream municipality services and complementary activities provided by NGOs.

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

Pilot Community Sponsorship Programme

- Programme proposed to national authorities by the Basque regional government.
- Launched January 2018, by agreement between national authorities and Basque regional government to implement a pilot sponsorship programme in 3 Basque cities (Bilbao, Donostia and Vitoria)
- The Jesuits and Caritas provide support to groups of 6-8 'volunteer citizens' supporting integration of new arrivals
- 'Volunteer citizen' groups provide housing and financial support for 2 years after arrival, and support the social integration of new arrivals
- The Basque regional government funds a part-time social worker for 2 years after arrival, directly employed by the volunteer citizen organisations
- To date, 4 faith-based NGOs and 5 municipalities in the Basque country have received 29 Syrian refugees
- Arrivals under the programme are counted within the national resettlement quota

RELOCATION

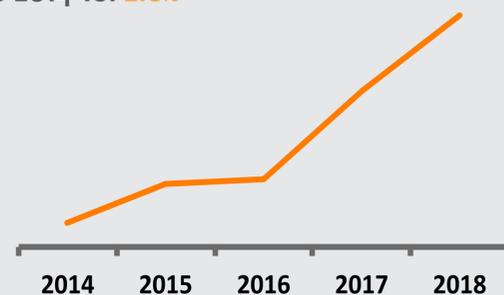
 1124 persons from Greece

 235 persons from Greece

3.6% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 126,805
Share EU-28 2014-18: 2.8%



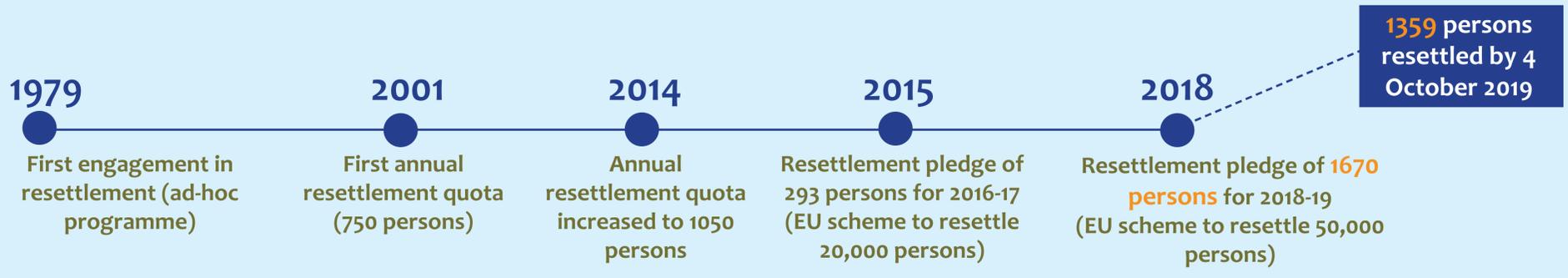
SPAIN & THE SHARE NETWORK

- Spanish government presentation at the SHARE on-site visit and seminar Pre-departure Processing & Cultural Orientation (Istanbul)
- Spanish national, local authority and civil society participation at the SHARE Conference Housing for Refugee Inclusion (Vienna)

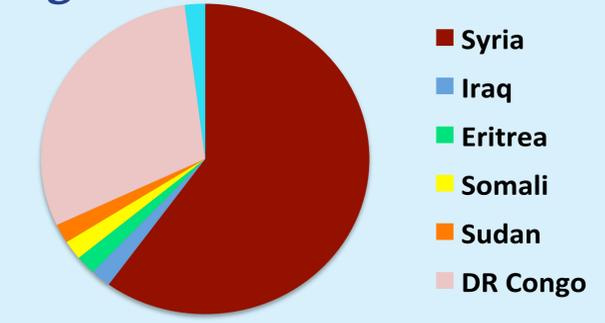


Spanish participation at the SHARE seminar on pre-departure cultural orientation, Istanbul

RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees:



Resettlement selection countries:

- Cameroon
- Chad
- DR Congo
- Ethiopia
- India
- Israel
- Lebanon
- Malawi
- Malaysia
- Nepal
- Niger
- Nigeria
- Russia
- Serbia
- Sudan
- Sri Lanka
- Thailand
- Togo
- Turkey
- Uganda
- Ukraine
- Zambia
- Zimbabwe

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

DIRECT RECEPTION
Resettled refugees arrive directly to municipalities



National coordination of resettlement by the Ministry of Employment and the Economy, which also provides funding for municipalities participating in the programme

Regional Centres for Economic Development, Transport & the Environment (ELY Centres) coordinate placement in municipalities, manage municipality contracts, engage new municipalities. They also offer support for municipalities in the field of integration

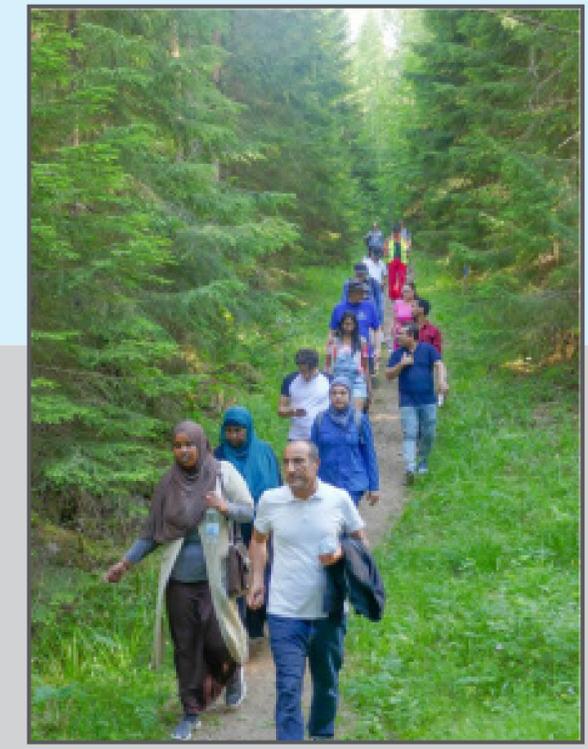
Municipalities voluntarily receive resettled refugees, agreeing specific annual quotas for both resettled refugees and asylum seekers with a residence permit

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

No programmes in place



Photographer: Sanna Saarto (Finnish Red Cross)



Photographer: Sanna Saarto (Finnish Red Cross)

RELOCATION

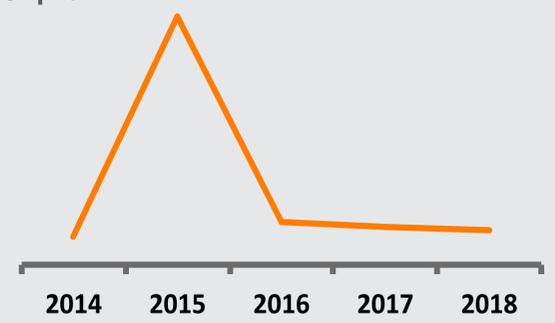
 1202 persons from Greece

 778 persons from Greece

5.3% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 51,060
Share EU-28 2014-18: 1.1%



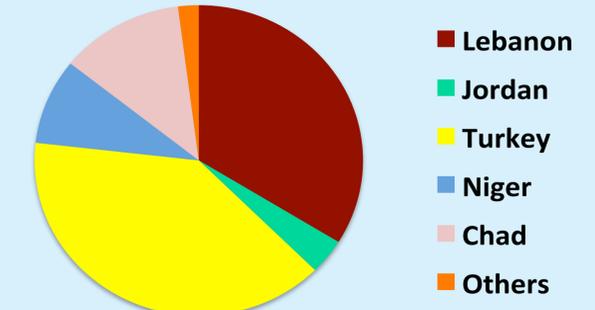
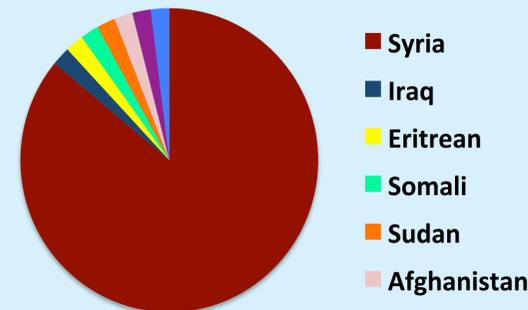
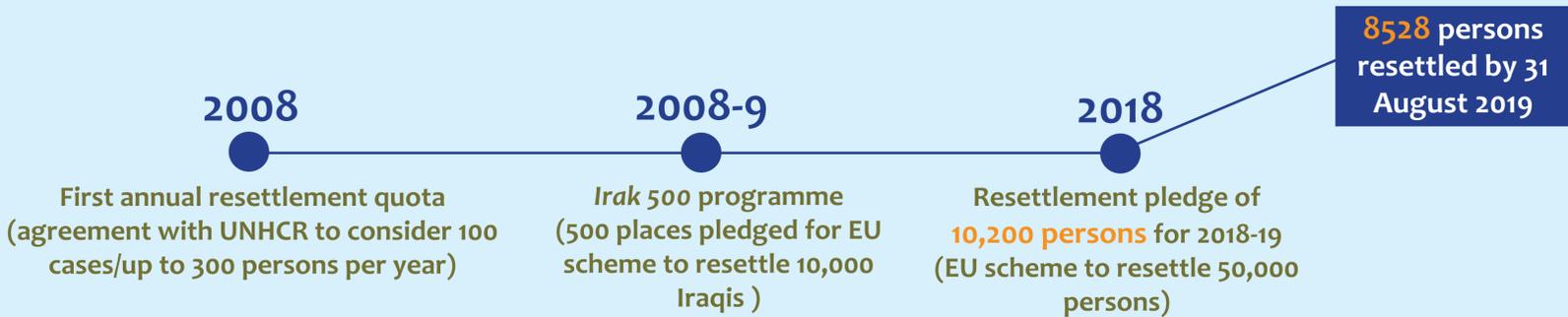

FINLAND & THE SHARE NETWORK

- SHARE Conference Placement & multi-level governance (November 2018, The Hague)
- SHARE Conference Housing for Refugee Inclusion (March 2019, Vienna)

RESETTLEMENT

Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):

Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):



REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

MIXED RECEPTION MODEL

Direct & indirect reception



Mandatory quotas per region. Placement coordinated by interministerial delegation for housing (DIHAL).

Temporary reception centres for all sub-Saharan refugees (4-5 month stay) and other refugees for whom independent housing is not immediately available (short-term stay).

Voluntary agreement of municipalities to receive refugees. Migrant coordinators (préfecture level) encourage municipality engagement.

Civil society reception and integration 'operators' find housing and provide a 12-month reception and integration support programme (possibility to extend to 18 months for those with additional support needs)

Humanitarian Corridors Programme

- Established 2017 to provide 500 humanitarian visas for vulnerable Syrian and Iraqi nationals in Lebanon
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs has agreements with 5 NGOs, which support citizen groups coordinating travel, reception and accommodation, and support new arrivals for approximately 12 months
- Approximately 300 persons arrived to date

Family reunification-based sponsorship

- Established 2014 to receive Iraqis at risk of persecution, from minorities and with family links to France
- Expanded to include Syrians in 2016
- 7,344 Syrians and Iraqis arrived during 2015-2016

Yezidi programme

- Established 2018, to receive 100 Yezidi families persecuted by ISIS
- 75 families arrived as of August 2019

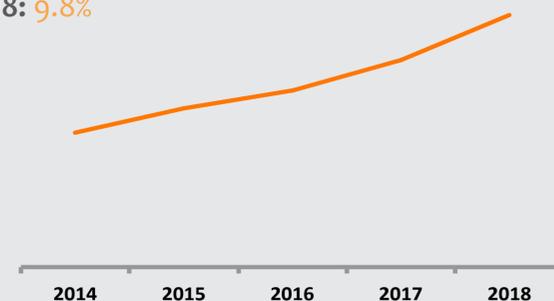
RELOCATION

ASYLUM

 **4400** persons from Greece

 **635** persons from Italy

Total asylum claims 2012-18: **444,500**
Share EU-28 2014-18: **9.8%**



13.4% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

FRANCE & THE SHARE NETWORK



Project partner:



In collaboration with:



- SHARE study *Another Story from the "Refugee Crisis": Resettlement in Small Towns and Rural Areas in France*
- Two SHARE national roundtables on resettlement and integration in Paris
- SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot trainings delivered by Forum Réfugiés in Amplepuis (pop. 4.984) and Belleville en Beaujolais (pop. 8.244)

Études de l'Ifri



ANOTHER STORY FROM THE "REFUGEE CRISIS"

Resettlement in Small Towns and Rural Areas in France

Matthieu TARDIS

July 2019

RESETTLEMENT



REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

INDIRECT RECEPTION
Central reception centre

MANDATORY QUOTA
County (regional) level

MOVE TO MUNICIPALITIES
Minimum 6 weeks after arrival



County (regional) quotas set at national level. Resettlement is coordinated at national level by an Inter-Departmental Working Group, chaired by the Office of the Promotion of Migrant Integration (OPMI)

In collaboration with national authorities, County (regional) authorities determine which municipalities will receive resettled refugees

Local reception and integration is coordinated by an inter-agency working group established based in each receiving community, chaired by the local authority. To date, 33 Irish local authorities have received resettled refugees.

Countries of origin of resettled refugees:



Resettlement selection countries:

Lebanon

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

IRRP Humanitarian Admission Programme (2018-19)

- Established November 2017
- 520 places over a 2-year period for immediate family members of refugees in Ireland
- Sponsoring family members responsible for all costs related to their relatives (new arrivals have no access to social welfare)
- 99 persons arrived to date

Irish Community Sponsorship Programme

- Launched 2019
- Target of 50 arrivals (within resettlement quota)
- 9 arrivals to date

Calais Special Project

- Launched 2018
- To resettle unaccompanied minors previously living in unofficial settlements in northern France
- 41 arrivals to date

RELOCATION

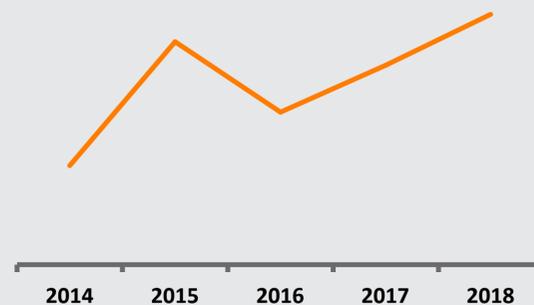


1022 persons from Greece

2.7% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: **13,570**
Share EU-28 2014-18: **0.3%**



IRELAND & THE SHARE NETWORK

SHARE Conference 'Matching Needs and Potential: From National Policies to Local Integration'

The Hague, November 2018

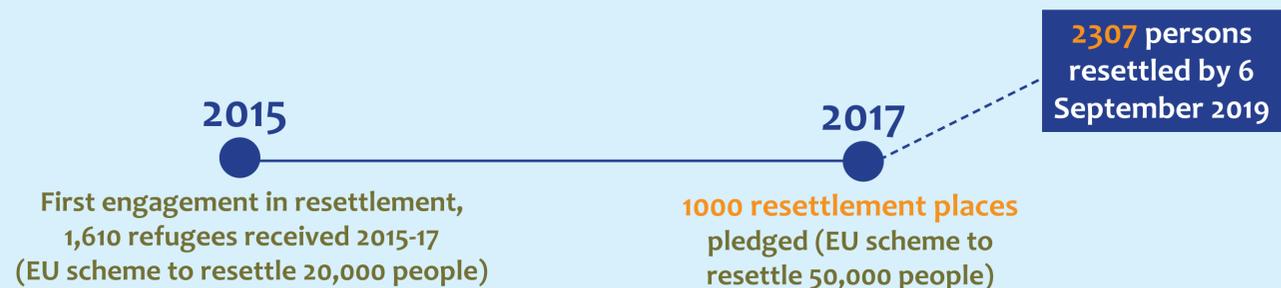
Participation from Irish Refugee Council and Galway County



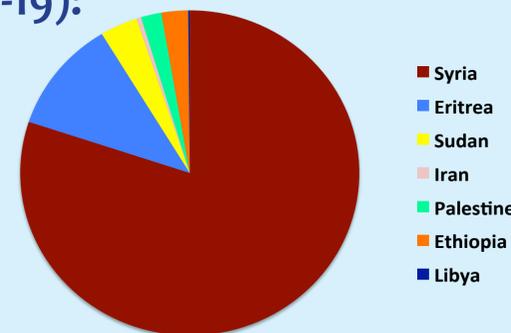
An Irish Welcome: The Al Sulaiman Family and Wicklow Community Sponsorship Group

(Photo: Laura Devereux)

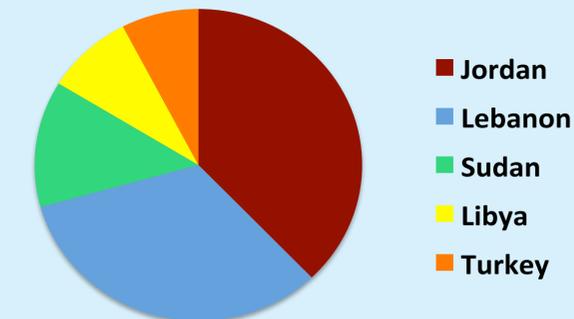
RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):



Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):



SHARE partner:

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

CENTRAL COORDINATION

Ministry of the Interior & Central Service of the SIPROIMI network



DIRECT RECEPTION IN MUNICIPALITIES
SIPROIMI projects

Placement based on available capacity within the national SIPROIMI (formerly SPRAR) network, responsible for accommodating other beneficiaries of international protection and unaccompanied asylum-seeking children.

SIPROIMI Central Service identifies capacity within existing SPRAR projects and matches refugees to them according to their needs, the project's support expertise and the availability of specialist services

Resettled refugees stay in SIPROIMI projects for 12 months. The support period can be extended for those with additional support needs.

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

Humanitarian Corridors Programme

- Four Memorandums of Understanding between the Ministries of the Interior and Foreign Affairs and civil society organisations (Catholic and Protestant organisations and NGOs)
- Most recent Memorandum of Understanding signed in May 2019
- To date, 2190 persons received via Jordan, Lebanon and Ethiopia
- New scheme established in May 2019 will include persons received from Niger

Evacuations from Libya & Niger

- 859 persons received to date
- Almost 50% of persons received are from Eritrea
- Other beneficiary countries of origin are Somalia, Ethiopia and Sudan

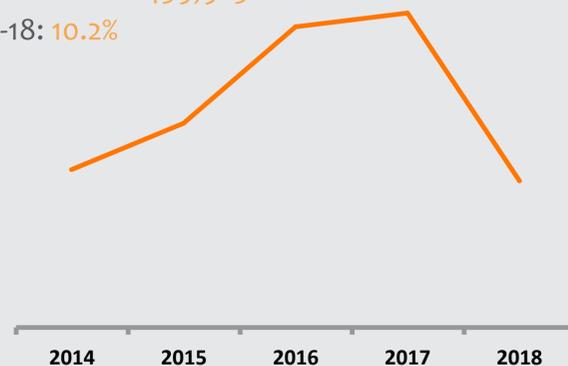
RELOCATION

 15,651 persons relocated from Italy to other Member States

41.6% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 459,925
Share EU-28 2014-18: 10.2%



ITALY & THE SHARE NETWORK

Project partner:



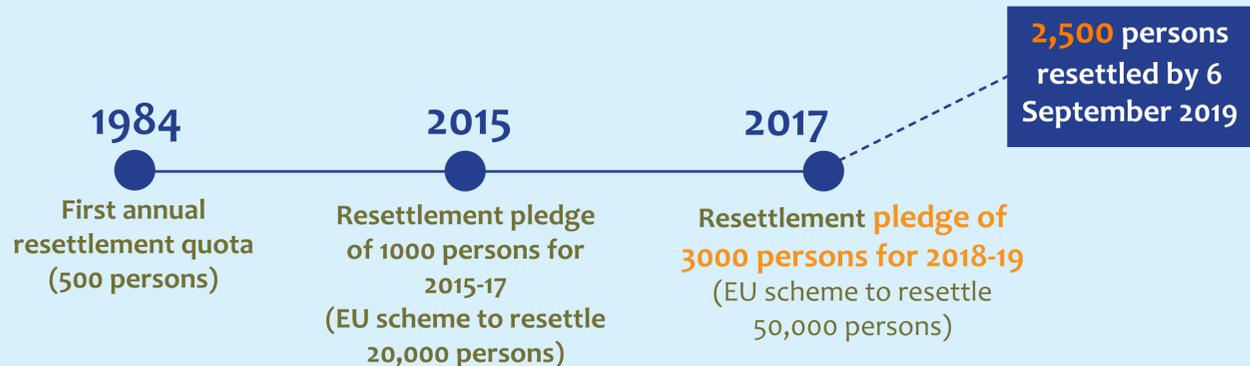
- SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot training in Celle Ligure (pop. 5.200) and Varese (pop. 80.600)
- SHARE video 'Small Places, Great Hearts' produced in Biella (pop. 44.324)
- SHARE regional roundtables convened in Corinaldo (pop. 4.959), Biella (pop. 44.324), Gorizia (pop. 34.742)
- Caritas Italiana participated in the SHARE Private Sponsorship Working Group



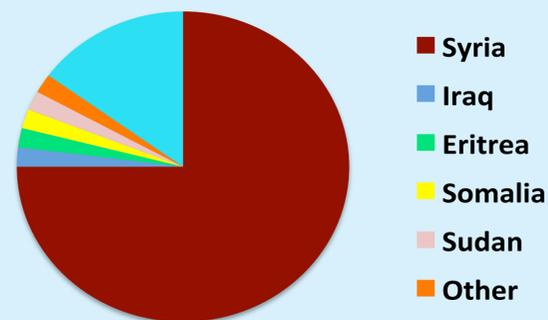
SHARE World Café roundtable
(Biella, June 2018)



RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):



Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):

- Selection missions:**
- Niger
 - Syria
 - Egypt
 - Jordan
- Dossier selection:**
- Lebanon
 - Libya
 - Turkey
 - Uganda
 - Cuba
 - Suriname
 - Iraq
 - Israel
 - Tanzania

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

MANDATORY MUNICIPALITY QUOTAS

Set at national level

VOLUNTARY MUNICIPALITY PARTICIPATION IN RECEIVING RESETTLED REFUGEES

Within asylum quotas

DIRECT RECEPTION

Refugee are received by municipalities on arrival



Central Asylum Agency (COA) coordinates resettlement at national level. COA negotiates with municipalities to receive specific numbers of resettled refugees within their mandatory local asylum quota

In many municipalities, partnerships of the Dutch Council for Refugees and municipalities coordinate reception, housing, and integration support.

Local citizens acting as volunteers provide extensive support in a wide range of integration and inclusion areas.

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

No programmes in place



Resettled refugee from Zaanstad, taken in Amsterdam (photo courtesy of the Dutch Council for Refugees)

RELOCATION



1755 persons from Greece



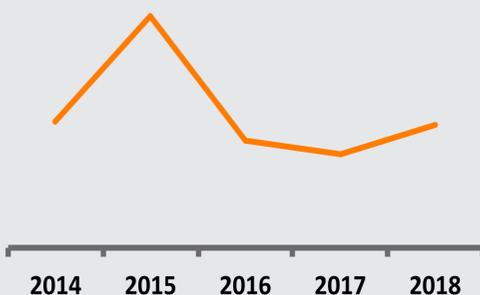
1020 persons from Italy

7.4% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2014-18: 132,465

Share EU-28 2014-18: 2.9%



'Arriving at her new home in Haarlem' (photo courtesy of the Dutch Council for Refugees)



THE NETHERLANDS & THE SHARE NETWORK

SHARE partner:



- On-site visit & SHARE seminar *Pre-departure Processing and Cultural Orientation*

In partnership with the Centralised Agency for Reception (COA) in The Netherlands and held at ICMC's Resettlement Support Centre in Istanbul

- -SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot training in Zaandam (pop. 76.804)
- SHARE national roundtable in Utrecht
- SHARE Conference *Placement & Multi-level governance* co-organised by COA and Dutch Council for Refugees (November 2018, The Hague)
- SHARE Settlement and Integration Training Roster

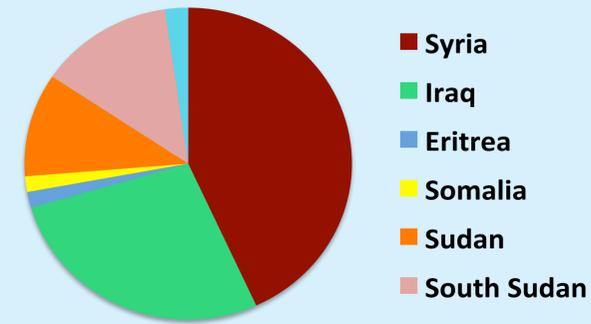
Dutch Council for Refugees facilitated 2 training events in Estonia and Croatia

- SHARE video *Small Places, Great Hearts* produced in Zaandam

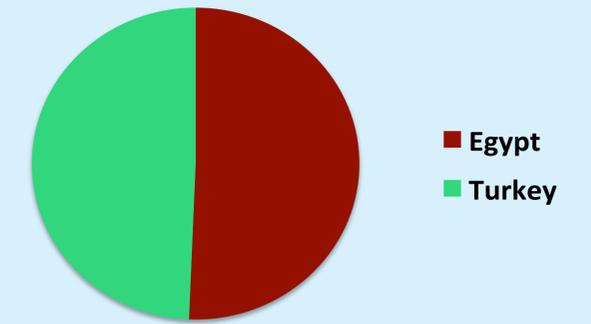
RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):



Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):



REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

DIRECT PLACEMENT

PLACEMENT VIA HOSTING ENTITIES with hosting municipalities/civil society organisations

DIRECT RECEPTION by municipalities/civil society organisations



National coordination of placement by the Portuguese High Commissioner for Migration (ACM), which refers cases to a coordinating platform/entity OR directly to local hosting organisations/bodies

Hosting entities/platforms (including the Refugee Support Platform consortium, Portuguese Refugee Council, Red Cross and others) or local authorities place refugees a hosting organisation/municipality

Municipalities and civil society organisations receiving resettled refugees provide accommodation and integration support for 12 months after arrival (extendable to 18 months for those with additional support needs)

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

DISEMBARKATION: BOAT ARRIVALS

- Ad-hoc admission of persons rescued at sea
- At 31 September 2019, 119 persons had been admitted



SHARE training on welcoming resettled refugees (municipality of Castelo Branco, Portugal, October 2018)

PORTUGAL & THE SHARE NETWORK

SHARE partner:



Volunteers and relocated refugees (photo: JRS Portugal)

- SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot trainings, Castelo Branco (pop. 56,000) and Fundão (pop. 29,213)
- SHARE video 'Small Places, Great Hearts' produced in Caranguejeira (pop. 4,691)
- SHARE national roundtable convened in Lisbon

RELOCATION

 1192 persons from Greece

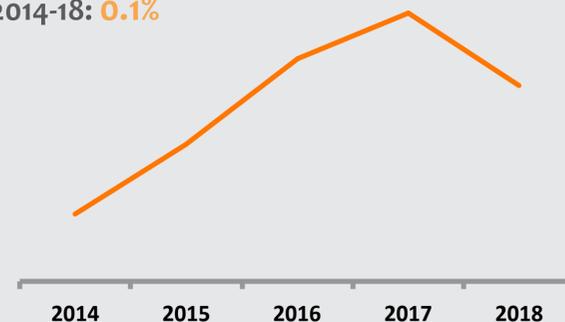
 356 persons from Italy

4.1% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 5830

Share EU-28 2014-18: 0.1%



RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of refugees selected for resettlement:

Syria

Resettlement selection countries:

- Turkey
- Jordan

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

INITIAL ACCOMMODATION
Temporary accommodation on arrival

MANDATORY RECEPTION OF RESETTLED REFUGEES BY MUNICIPALITIES

ASSISTED SEARCH FOR LONG-TERM HOUSING



Resettlement is coordinated at national level by the General Inspectorate for Immigration. Initial housing is coordinated by the International Organization for Migration (IOM), and provided to resettled refugees for 45 days after arrival.

The Jesuit Refugee Service (JRS) Romania is contracted by the General Inspectorate for Immigration to assist refugees to find long-term housing and support their integration.

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

No programmes in place.

RELOCATION

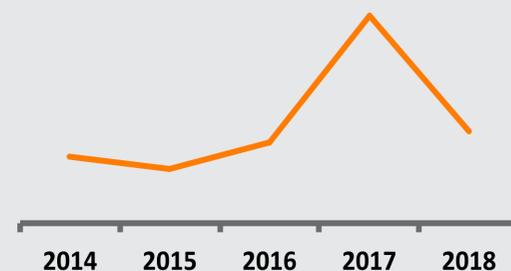
683 persons from Greece

45 persons from Greece

1.9% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 11,635
Share EU-28 2014-18: 0.3%



ROMANIA & THE SHARE NETWORK

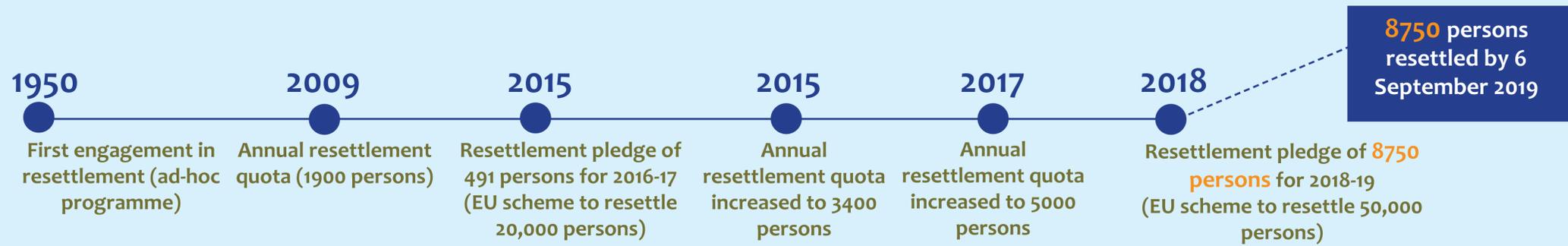
Project partner:



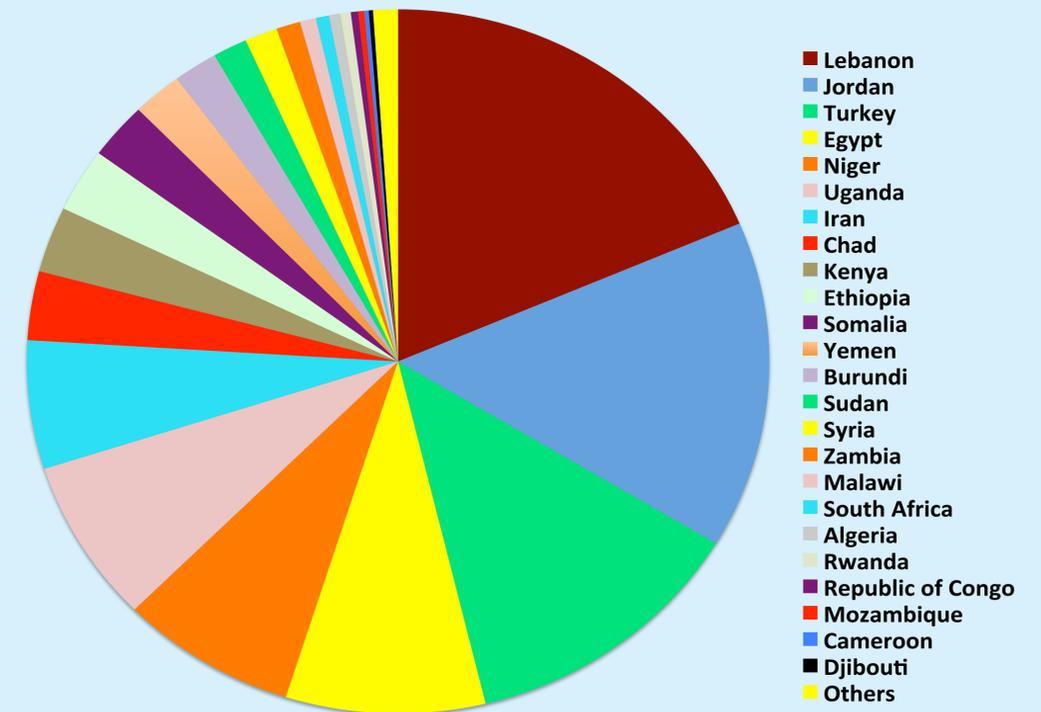
Florina Drăgulin (JRS Romania) at the SHARE Conference 'Awareness Raising to Promote Refugee Inclusion' (Bucharest, June 2019)

- JRS Romania co-organised the 2019 SHARE Conference Awareness Raising to Promote Refugee Inclusion in Bucharest
- SHARE Mainstreaming+ pilot training events in Somcuta Mare (pop. 7.565) and Galati (pop. 249.432)
- SHARE national roundtable in Bucharest
- SHARE video *Small Places, Great Hearts* produced in Somcuta Mare

RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees:



REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

MANDATORY PLACEMENT
Via regional quotas

DIRECT PLACEMENT
Refugee are received directly in municipalities on arrival



Swedish Migration Agency (SMA) coordinates resettlement at national level. SMA determines annual refugee quotas (both resettled refugees and 'new' refugees exiting the asylum system) for each of Sweden's 21 regions

Regional County Administrative Boards (CABs) determine how many refugees each municipality in their respective region will receive. Placement decisions take into account local labour market conditions, population size, and numbers of newly arrived immigrants, unaccompanied minors and asylum seekers already living in the municipality. CABs monitor and coordinate municipality implementation

All 290 municipalities in Sweden are required to receive refugees (Reception For Settlement Act, 2016). Municipalities find housing and coordinate reception, civic orientation and language training. Municipalities can be sanctioned if they do not receive a specific person within 2 months of the planned arrival date

Resettlement selection countries: Senegal, Niger, Cameroon, Chad, Nigeria, Cuba, Mexico, Haiti, Malawi, Mauritius, Zambia, South Africa, Namibia, Mozambique, Botswana, Angola, Iraq, Tunisia, Yemen, UAE, Israel, Mauritania, Jordan, Bahrain, Algeria, Lebanon, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Syria, Libya, Iraq, Morocco, Turkey, Russia, Armenia, Ukraine, Serbia, South Sudan, Kenya, Burundi, Rwanda, Uganda, DRC, Congo, Sudan, Djibouti, Somalia, Ethiopia, Palau, Afghanistan, India, Iran, Malaysia, Thailand

RELOCATION

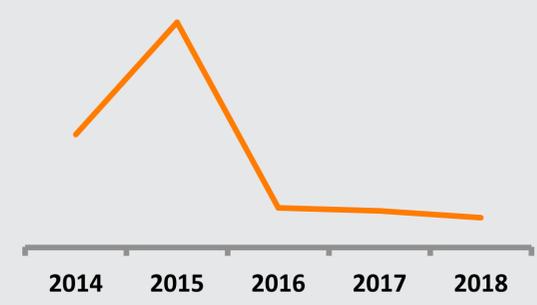
 1656 persons from Greece

 1392 persons from Greece

8.1% of all persons relocated by EU Member States during 2015-18

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2012-18: 320,205
Share EU-28 2014-18: 7.1%



SWEDEN & THE SHARE NETWORK

- On-site visit and SHARE Seminar *Pre-departure Processing and Cultural Orientation*. Held at the ICMC Resettlement Support Centre in Istanbul, supported by the Swedish-led project European Union Action on Facilitating Resettlement and Refugee Admission through New Knowledge (EU FRANK)
- Swedish national, regional and local authority participation at the **SHARE Conference Placement & Multi-level governance** (November 2018, The Hague)

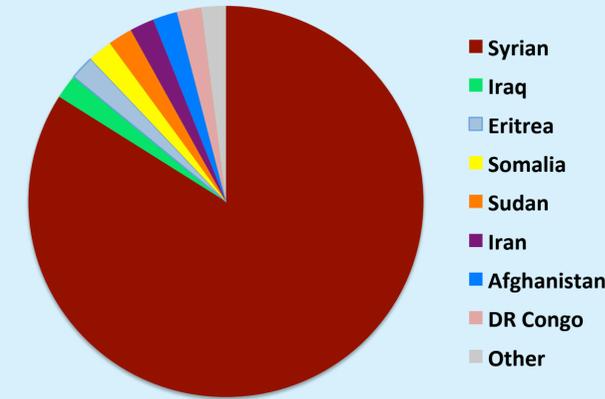


SHARE Seminar *Pre-departure Processing and Cultural Orientation* (collaboration: SHARE & EU FRANK)
ICMC Resettlement Support Center, Istanbul

RESETTLEMENT



Countries of origin of resettled refugees (2018-19):



Resettlement selection countries (2018-19):

- Sri Lanka
- Thailand
- Iran
- Burundi
- Kenya
- Sudan
- Turkey
- Syria
- Egypt
- Iraq
- Jordan
- Lebanon

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:

DIRECT RECEPTION
Resettled refugees are received in municipalities on arrival

VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION OF MUNICIPALITIES IN RECEIVING RESETTLED REFUGEES



Resettlement is coordinated at national level by the UK Home Office, which contracts individual local authorities and NGOs to arrange accommodation and provide integration support for resettled refugees

The UK Home Office refers resettlement cases to Strategic Migration Partnerships (regional agencies funded by the Home Office and present in 12 UK regions), which refer specific cases to each local authority within their region. In some regions the Home Office refers resettled refugees directly to local authorities, particularly in those where fewer local authorities are participating local authorities and/or less resettled refugees are being received

Local authorities voluntarily engage in resettlement, and agree with the UK Home Office a specific number of refugees to be received in their locality (278 of 418 local authorities in the UK are currently taking part). Local authority-NGO partnerships provide housing, settlement assistance and support for integration. The Home Office funds implementation by providing funding per refugee received for participating local authorities/NGOs

COMPLEMENTARY PATHWAYS OF ADMISSION:

UK FULL COMMUNITY SPONSORSHIP PROGRAMME

- Established in July 2016. Approximately 200 arrivals by end 2018, counted within the national resettlement quota (from 2020, arrivals will be additional).
- Groups of citizens wishing to sponsor refugees work with civil society organisations, which support them to draft a detailed settlement plan.
- Sponsoring groups are required to provide refugees with financial assistance for one year (£9,000 per family), secure housing where refugees can live for two years after arrival (rental costs covered by mainstream welfare benefits) and hire a qualified English language instructor to provide tuition to new arrivals.
- Sponsoring groups must also obtain the consent of the local authority where the sponsored refugees will live.

'DUBS SCHEME' TO RECEIVE UNACCOMPANIED CHILDREN

- Announced May 2016.
- Aimed to provide 'legal and safe pathways to the UK' for 480 unaccompanied refugee children in vulnerable situations in France, Italy and Greece.
- Local authorities voluntarily participate in the scheme.
- Unaccompanied children are placed with foster families in the UK.
- To date, the scheme has transferred 220 refugee children to the UK.

RELOCATION

The UK did not participate in the EU relocation scheme

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims 2014-18: 185,190

Share EU-28 2014-18: 4.1%



SHARE partner:



THE UK & THE SHARE NETWORK

- Project partner Caritas Salford organised the first meeting of the SHARE Private Sponsorship Working Group in Manchester (May 2018)
- UK Home Office participation at the SHARE Seminar on Pre-departure Cultural Orientation in Istanbul
- Migration Yorkshire participated in the SHARE Advisory Committee, presented at the SHARE conference Placement & Multi-level Governance (The Hague), and facilitated a training event in Slovenia via the SHARE Settlement & Integration Roster



SHARE Private Sponsorship Working Group (Manchester, UK, May 2018)

NEW RESETTLEMENT COUNTRIES

RESETTLEMENT



RESETTLEMENT (2018-19)



Cooking & food event in Tallinn
(photo: Annela Samuel, Estonian Refugee Council)

REFUGEE PLACEMENT:*



Bulgaria
Direct placement of resettled refugees, coordinated by national authorities in partnership with the NGOs the Bulgarian Refugee Council and national Red Cross.

Voluntary engagement of municipalities in receiving refugees. The NGOs Bulgarian Refugee Council and the Red Cross coordinate housing and provide settlement and integration support.

Resettled refugees have been received by Vitosh and Krasno, two municipality districts in the Sofia area.



Estonia
Indirect reception: resettled refugees spend the initial period after arrival in a central reception facility.

Capacity-based placement: NGOs support refugees to find longer term, independent accommodation, and support their settlement and integration.

Mandatory engagement of municipalities in which refugees find move-on accommodation.



Slovenia
Indirect reception. Resettled refugees spend 18 months-3 years in transitional 'integration housing'.

Resettled refugees attend a 3-month orientation programme provided by an NGO, and are entitled to attend the state language training programme. NGOs support refugees to find longer term, independent accommodation, and support their settlement and integration.

Mandatory engagement of municipalities in which refugees find move-on accommodation.

RELOCATION

	Persons from Greece	Persons from Italy
Bulgaria	50	10
Estonia	141	6
Lithuania	355	29
Slovenia	172	81

ASYLUM

Total asylum claims (2014-18)

Bulgaria: 57,120
Estonia: 845
Lithuania: 2135
Slovenia: 6320



* No information received for Lithuania